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How MySQL REST Service ends the middleware tax

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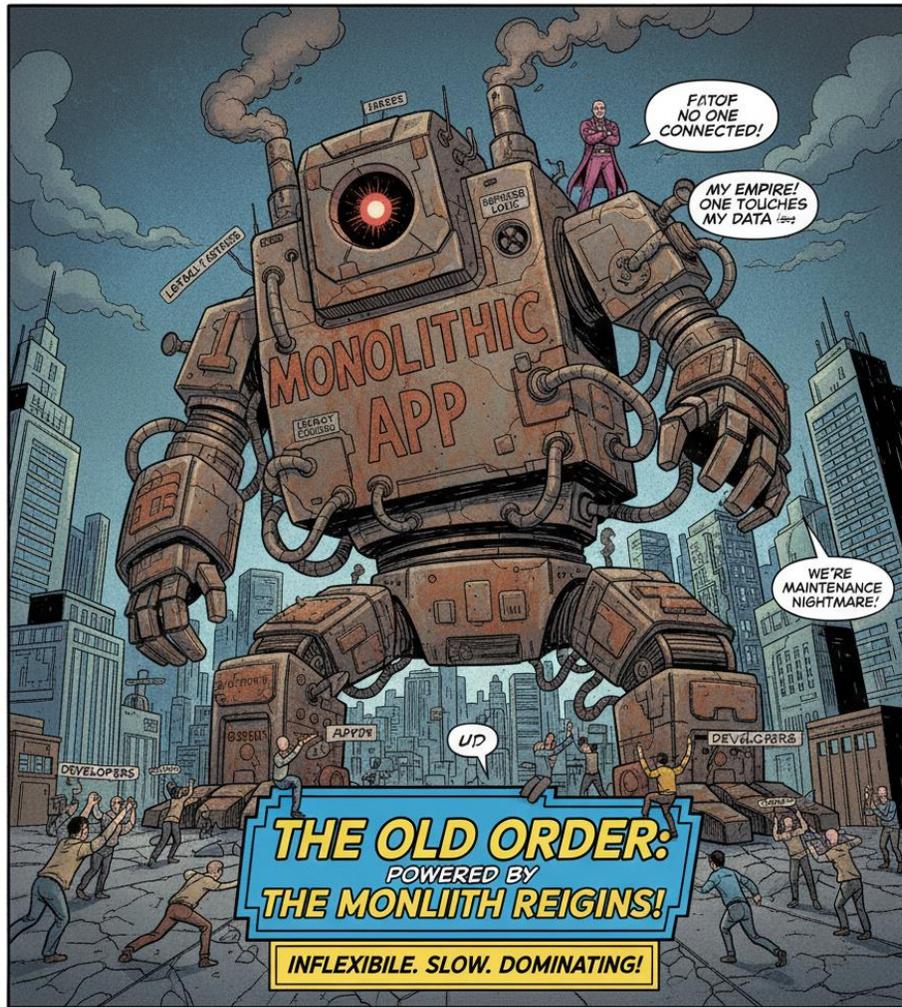
Agenda



- The middleware “tax” (...or “dependancy”)
- MySQL REST Service joins the party
- Eliminating the “tax”: key functionalities
- Summary and Q&A

The middleware “tax” (...or “dependency”)

The digital transformation story (1/2)

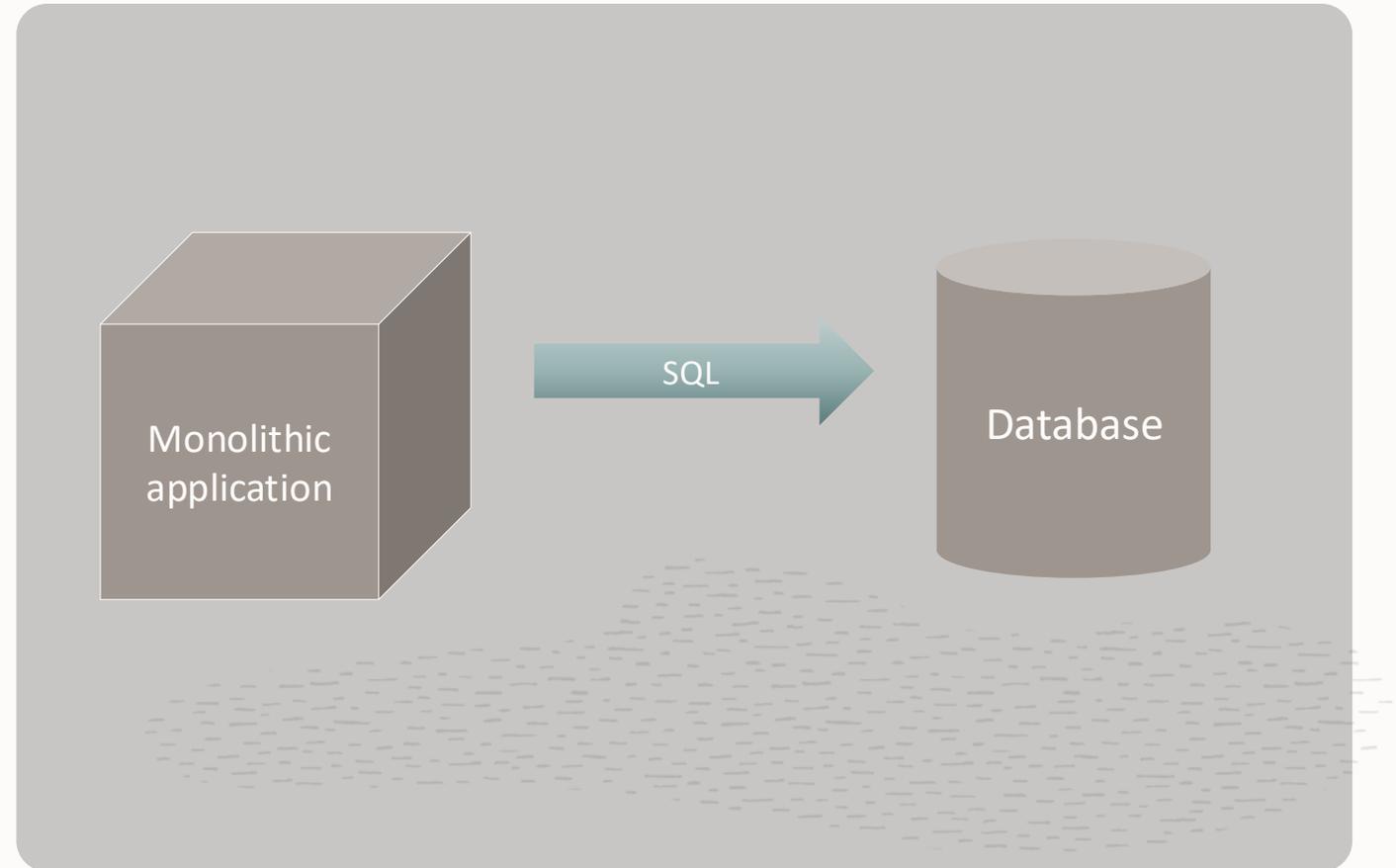


The digital transformation story (2/2)

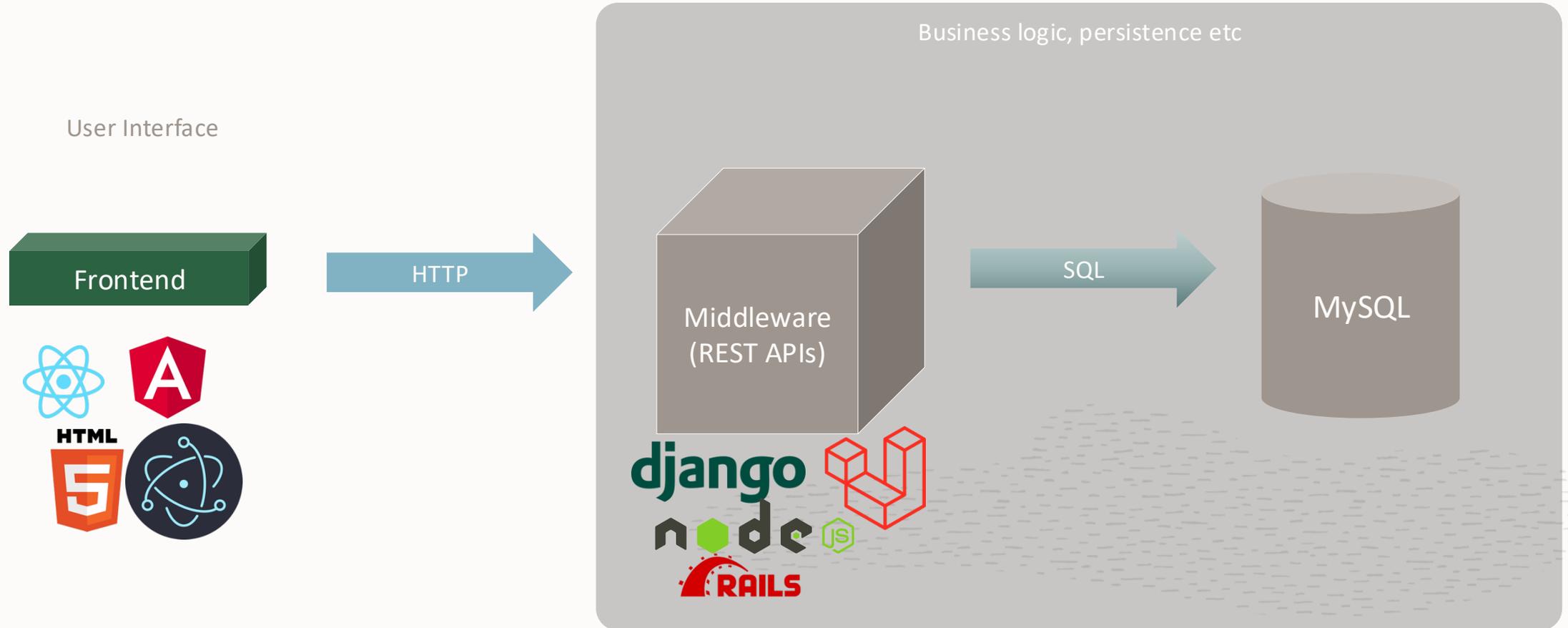


...and now let's see the real story...

- Technology evolution
- New development trends
- Faster internet
- Mobile application
- Companies opening up data
- Application modernization need
- From monolithic to multi tier

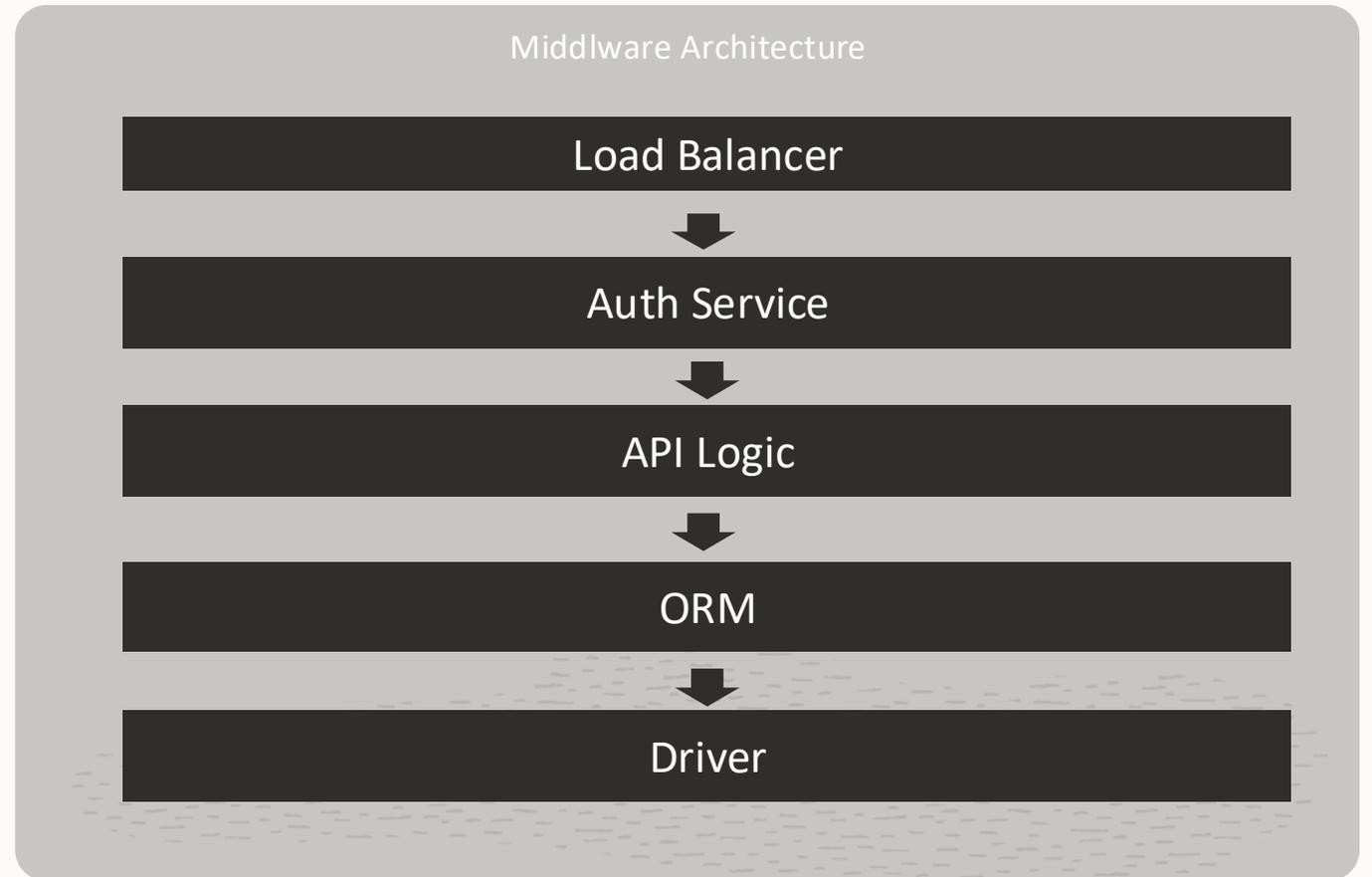


Multi Tier Application Architecture: REST APIs as digital transformation enabler



The middleware tax (or middleware dependency)

- **Development:** Writing the same CRUD for every new table.
- **Latency:** The "Double Serialization" penalty—converting DB rows to Objects, then Objects to JSON.
- **Synchronization:** Keeping your Backend Models, Frontend Types, and Database Schema in sync
- **Maintenance:** Patching the runtime, updating libraries, and managing container orchestration for a layer that mostly just “passes data through.”
- **Dependency:** Adjust again all of the above every time a middleware is changed



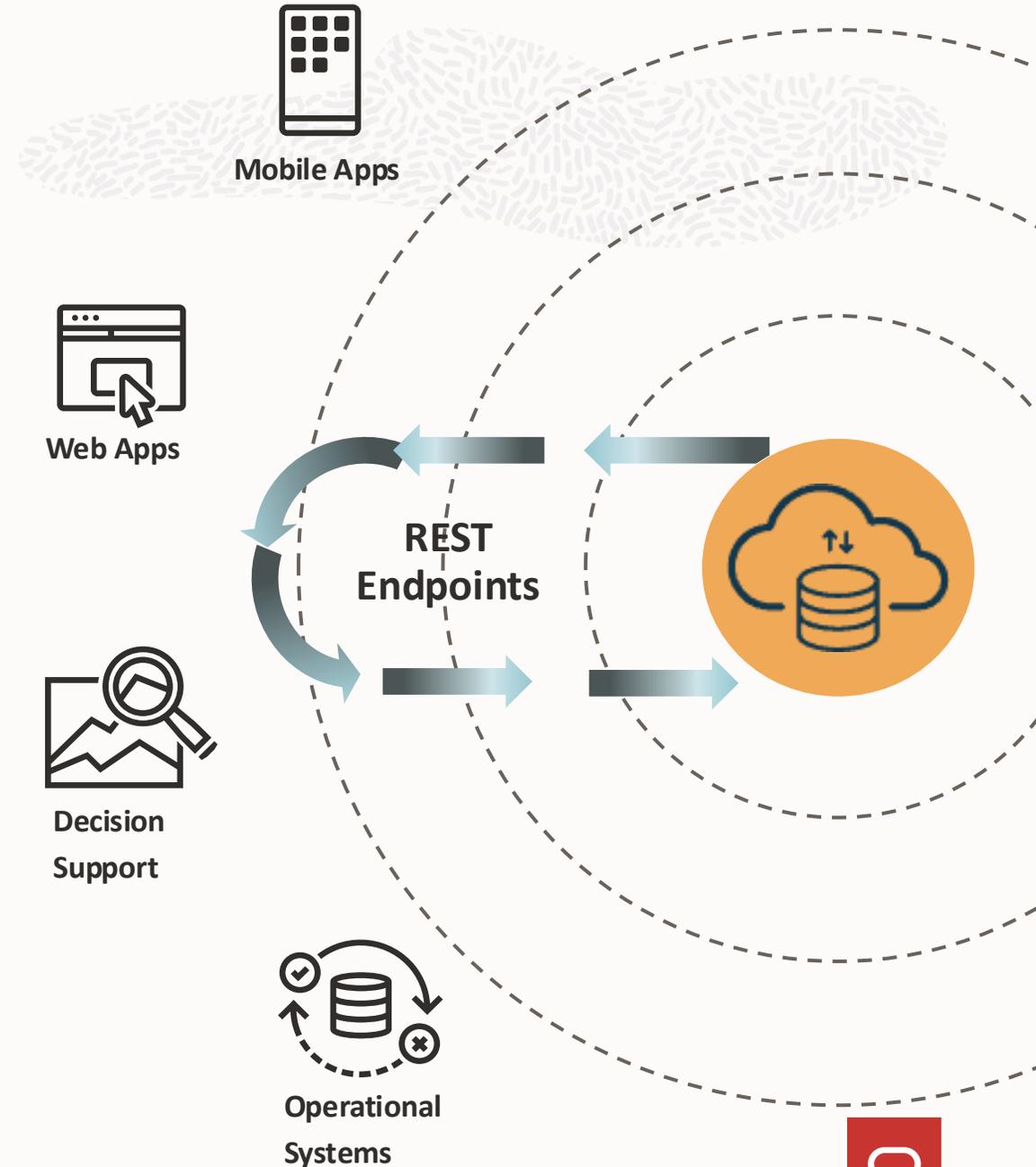
MySQL REST Service joins the party

What is the MySQL REST Service?

“The MySQL REST Service is a next-generation JSON Document Store solution, enabling fast and secure HTTPS access for data stored in MySQL, InnoDB ClusterSet, InnoDB ReplicaSet.”

Common use cases:

- Application Backends
- Data-Centric Microservices
- Progressive Web Apps (PWA)
- Data Management
- Data APIs
- Dynamic Content Serving



MySQL REST Service - Building Blocks

MySQL REST Service

Fast, Secure HTTPS Access for MySQL Data & Apps

1. RESTful Web Services

- Auto REST for tables, views and routines
- {JSON} responses with paged results
- Developer support (GUI, CLI, API)
- Support for popular OAuth2 services

2. REST SQL Extension

```
sql> CONFIGURE REST METADATA;  
sql> CREATE REST SERVICE /myService;  
sql> CREATE REST SCHEMA /sakila  
    ON SERVICE /myService FROM `sakila`;
```

- Fully manageable through REST SQL extension
- Full GUI support for increased ease-of-use

3. Powerful Data Mapping

- Nested TABLEs to REST endpoints mapping
- Visual Data Mapping Editor to build complex JSON structures with ease
- SQL & SDK Preview

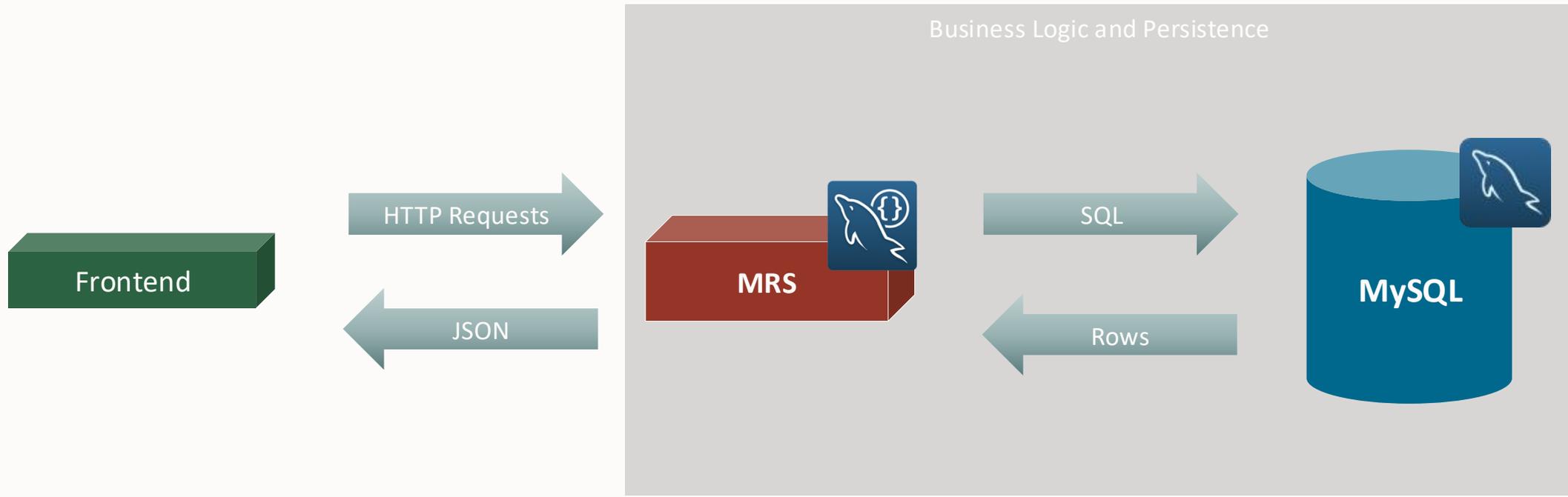
4. Client SDK Generation

- Tailored SDK for all RESTful Endpoints
- Fully-typed SDK to prevent errors
- Popular, Prisma-like API, live prototyping



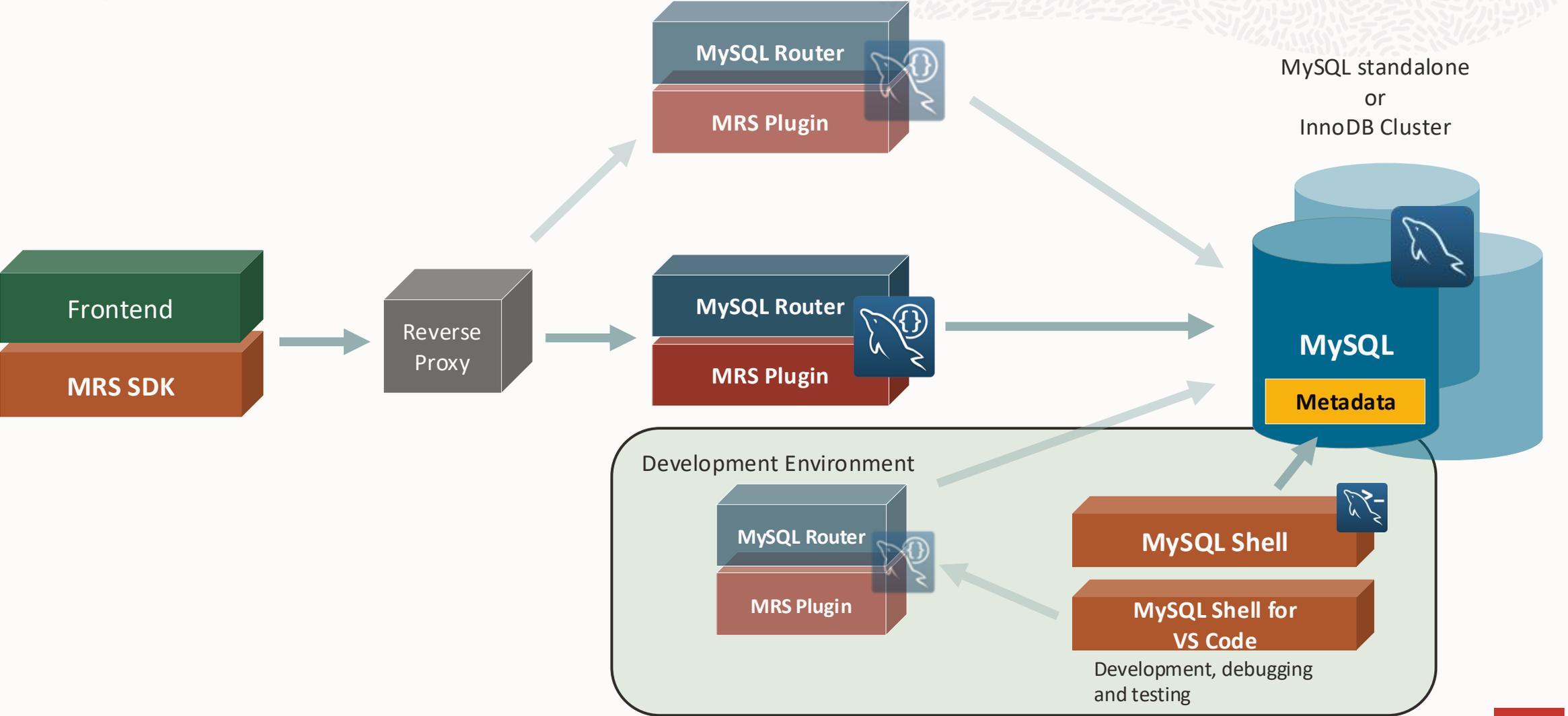
MySQL REST Service

Overview



MySQL REST Service

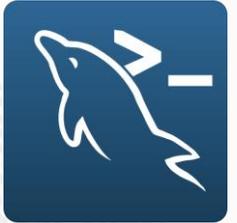
Component Overview



Eliminating the “tax”: key functionalities

Direct Data Mapping

- Powerful WYSIWYG Data-Mapping Editor
- Creation of complex JSON structures with a few clicks
- Automatic database schema analysis
- REST SQL Preview



1 Add single relational table as REST object

MySQL REST Object

REST Service Path: /myService
REST Schema Path: /sakila
REST Object Path: /city
MRS Object Flags: Enabled, Requires Auth

JSON/Relational Duality

DB Object: city (Database Object)

MRS Object Name: MyServiceSakilaCity

Database Object: sakila.city (Allowed CRUD Operations: C R U D)

JSON Fields: cityId, city, countryId, lastUpdate

Mapped Relational Object Columns: city_id, city, country_id, last_update

Referenced Tables: country, address

Unnest

Restrict Access to Users that are Logged in

2 Click referenced table to add nested JSON documents

MySQL REST Object

country (Enabled Referenced Table)

Nested Referenced Columns: countryId, country, lastUpdate

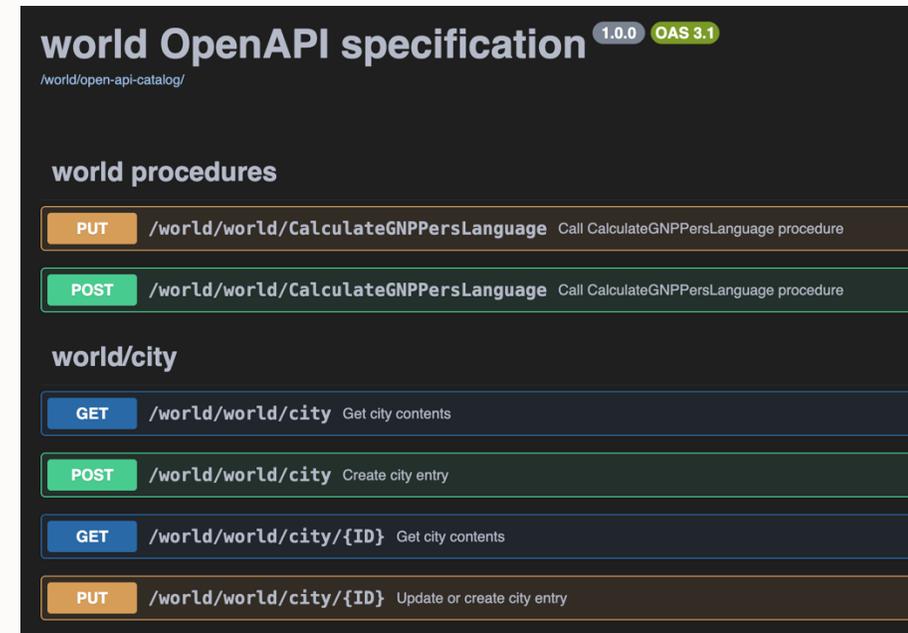
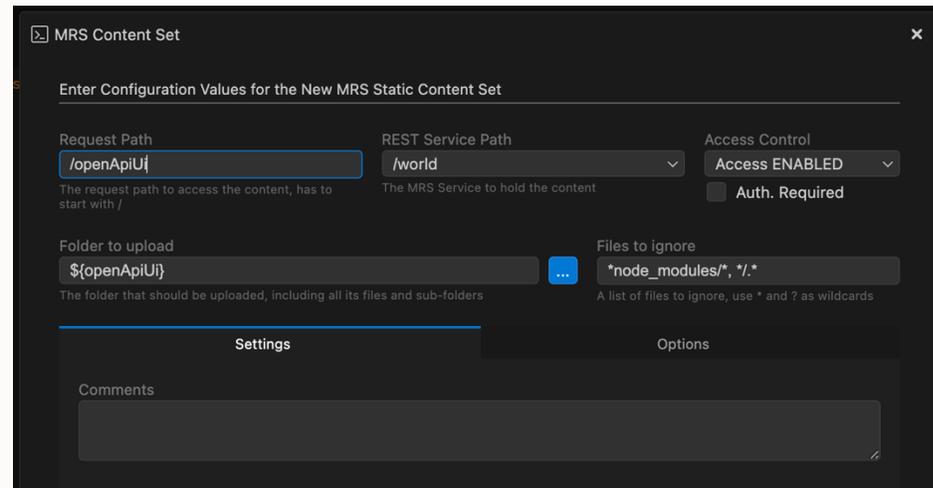
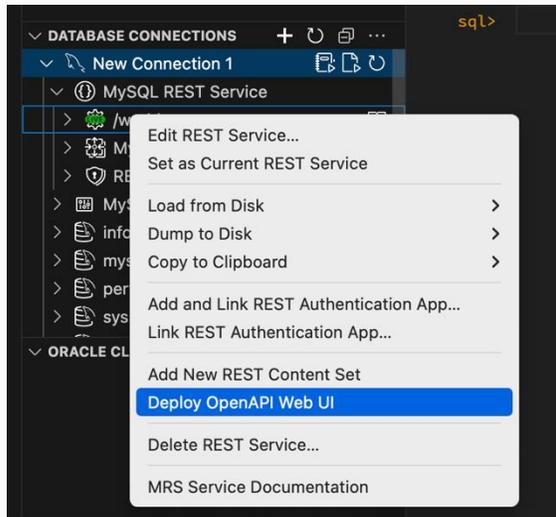
Unnest

3 Store REST Mapping



One click OpenAPI Documentation

Deploy instantly online documentation according to OpenAPI specification in one click and start testing APIs right away.



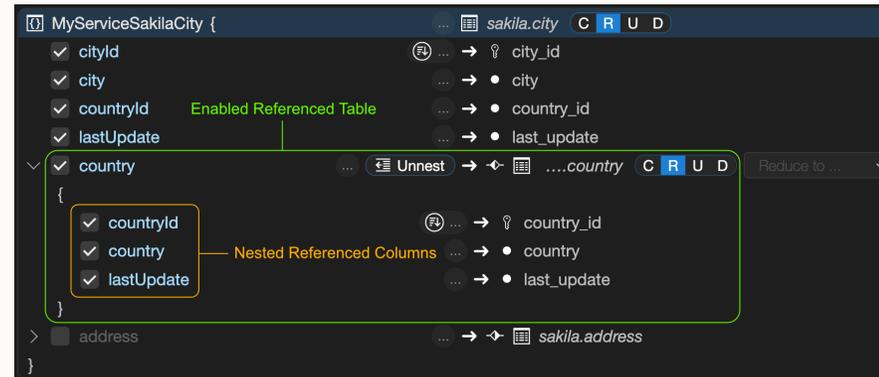
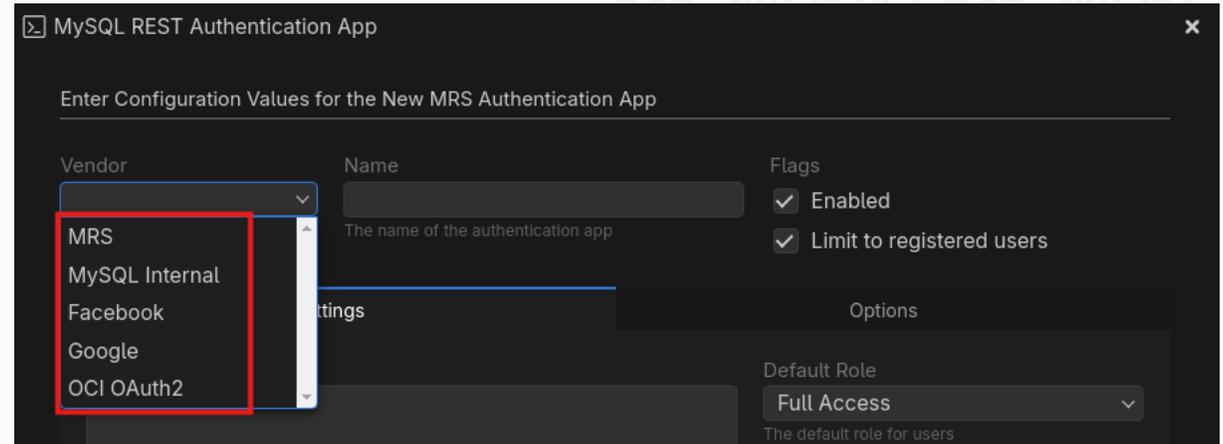
Built-in Security

Integrated authentication:

- OAuth2 (Google, Facebook, OCI)
- Local MRS accounts
- Native MySQL accounts.

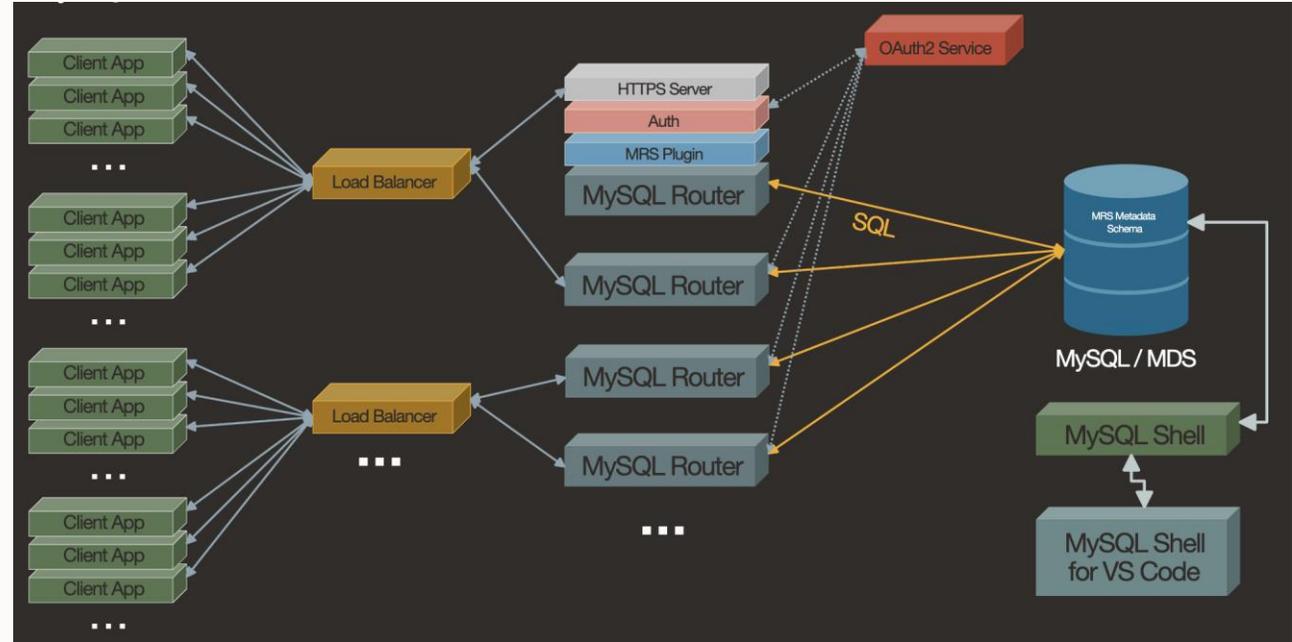
Row-level security:

- Ensure users only see what they are supposed to see



Performance and Scaling

- **Integrated In-Memory Caching:** Built-in response and file caching significantly reduce latency and database load for frequent requests.
- **Native JSON:** Eliminates ORM overhead by mapping relational data directly to JSON, enabling high-speed data exchange with modern web apps.
- **Built-in Horizontal Scalability:** Designed for deployment across multiple MySQL Router instances to handle high-traffic web and mobile workloads.
- **Optimized Data Retrieval:** Native support for server-side filtering, sorting, and automatic paging to minimize network overhead and memory usage.
- **Resource Protection:** Integrated request throttling and rate-limiting to maintain system stability during traffic spikes or security threats.



Enrich your APIs: JavaScript Stored Programs in MySQL

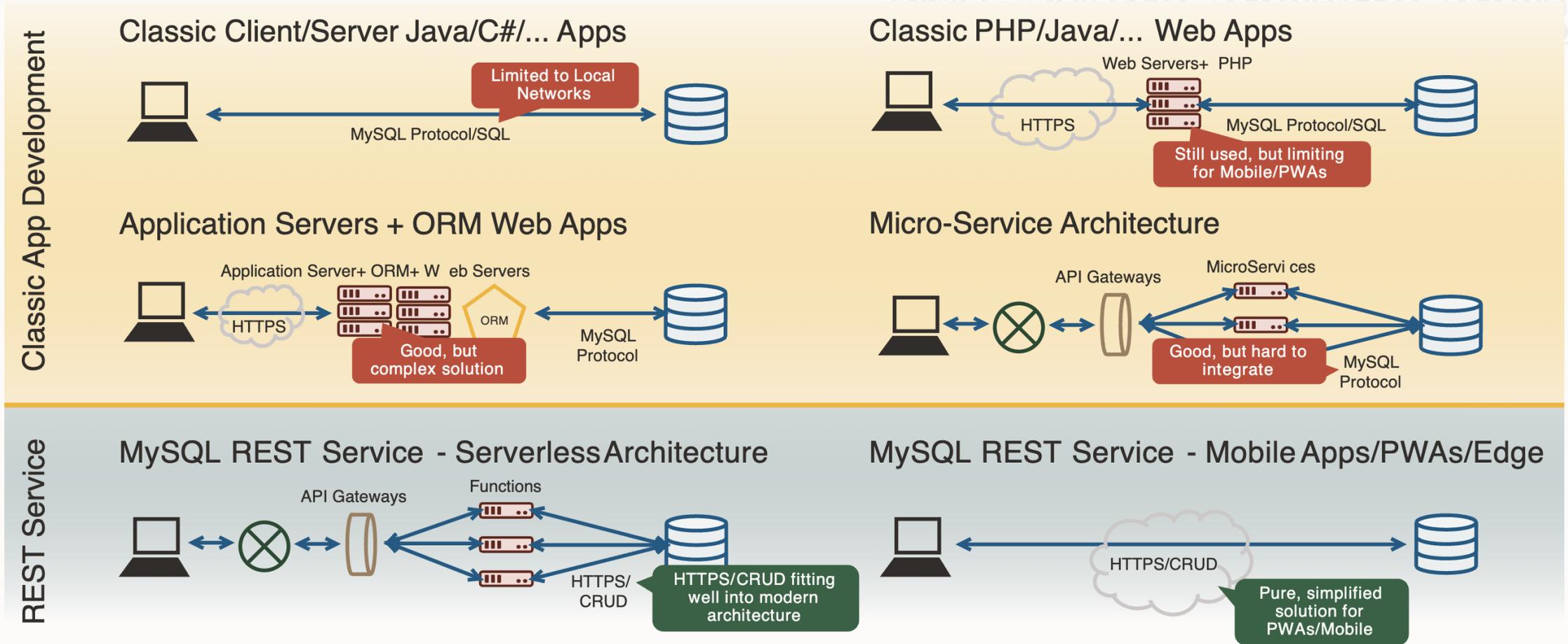
```
CREATE FUNCTION construct_url (path VARCHAR(50),
search VARCHAR(20)) RETURNS VARCHAR(100)
LANGUAGE JAVASCRIPT AS $$
  let url = `${path}${search} &&
    !search.startsWith('?') ? '?' : ''}${search} ?? '`;
  return encodeURIComponent(url);
  $$
```

```
SELECT construct_url('/page', 'query=шел лы');
/page?query=%D1%88%D0%B5%D0%BB%D0%BB%D1%8B
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE update_item_urls(OUT url_count INT)
LANGUAGE JAVASCRIPT AS $$
  let result = mysql.getSession().runSql(
    `UPDATE my_table
     SET url = construct_url(path, CONCAT('item=',product))
     WHERE product IS NOT NULL`
  );
  url_count = result.getAffectedItemsCount();
  $$
```

- Seamless MySQL ↔ JavaScript type conversion for input / output arguments
- Can be used anywhere a SQL stored function can be used
 - e.g. SELECT, WHERE, ORDER BY
- Support for DML, DDL, Views
- Existing XDevAPI used to execute SQL inside JavaScript

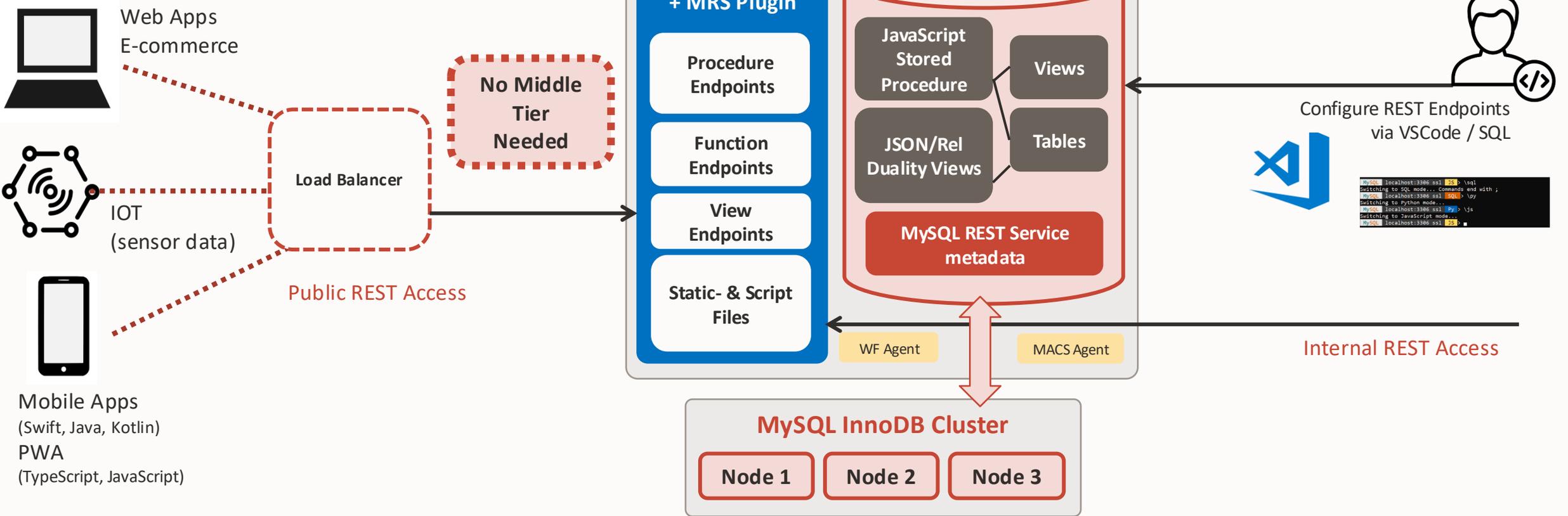
Sample Use cases



Summary and Q&A

Modern Application Architecture

End-to-end Use Case



Putting It All Together



Make MySQL independent from specific middleware

Moving the REST interface directly into the database allows you the choice to bypass the middleware or to easily plug to many different middle-tier tools.



Developer velocity via direct access

By allowing the database to speak to applications in their native language, teams can bypass the time-consuming process of writing, testing and deploying API code.



Data Security without complexity

Keep the security closer to the data and streamlined, leveraging MySQL integrated security for data and APIs, rather than outsourcing it to the middle tier.



Reduced TCO

Fewer moving parts will reduce the technical debt on the long run. Ending middleware dependency will result in a stack easier to maintain.

Q&A



Thank you!

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